

SECURIT

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III
FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/13 AND ENDING 12/31/13
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER - DEALER:

Newcourt Securities, Ltd

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

23 Waring Road

(No. and Street)

Pound Ridge

(City)

New York

(State)

10576

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Peter M. Lawrence - CEO

(914) 764-1590

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

VB&T Certified Public Accountants, PLLC

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

250 West 57th Street, Suite 1632

(Address)

New York

(City)

New York

(State)

10107

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:



Certified Public Accountant



Public Accountant



Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

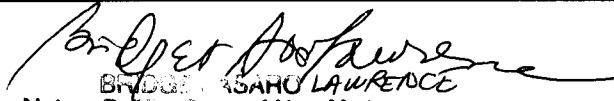
*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

AD
3/14/14

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Peter M. Lawrence, CEO, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Newcourt Securities, Ltd. (Company), as of December 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:


 BRIDGE PLAZA
 Notary Public, State of New York
 No. 24-01AS 4695708
 Qualified in Westchester County
 Commission Expires 2/28/18


 Peter M. Lawrence, CEO

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 26th day of February, 2014.

This report contains (check all applicable boxes):

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| (x) | (a) Facing page. | |
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| () | (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. | |
| () | (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (not applicable). | |
| () | (j) A Reconciliation, including Appropriate Explanations, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 (not required). | |
| () | (k) A Reconciliation Between the Audited and Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition With Respect to Methods of Consolidation (not applicable). | |
| (x) | (l) An Affirmation. | |
| () | (m) A Copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. | |
| (x) | (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit (Supplemental Report on Internal Control). | 11-12 |

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NEWCOURT SECURITIES, LTD
(SEC I.D. No. 8-52229)
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
AND
SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL



Certified Public Accountants, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of
Newcourt Securities, Ltd

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Newcourt Securities, Ltd, (the Company) which comprise the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

**Registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board
Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants**

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Newcourt Securities, Ltd as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained on page 10 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information on page 10 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information on page 10 is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

VB&T CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLC

New York, NY
February 15, 2014

NEWCOURT SECURITIES, LTD
BALANCE SHEET
DECEMBER 31, 2013

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 134,522
Clearing deposit	100,000
Prepaid expense	7,652
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	1,881
Total Assets	<u>\$ 244,055</u>

LIABILITIES AND TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$ 41,239</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>41,239</u>
Contingencies	-
Common stock	1,000
Additional paid-in capital	<u>201,816</u>
Total Shareholder's Equity	<u>202,816</u>
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity	<u>\$ 244,055</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NEWCOURT SECURITIES, LTD
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Revenues:	
Commissions	\$ 185,482
Interest and dividends	<u>1</u>
Total Revenues	<u>185,483</u>
Costs and Expenses:	
Clearing expenses	26,288
Insurance	22,916
Software license	25,842
Travel and auto expense	5,930
Professional fees	9,663
Telephone	9,556
Computer	1,112
Meals and entertainment	2,150
Office	4,550
Depreciation	1,800
Regulatory fees	1,168
SIPC	<u>398</u>
Total Costs and Expenses	<u>111,373</u>
Net income	<u><u>\$ 74,110</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NEWCOURT SECURITIES, LTD
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Net income	\$ 74,110
Depreciation	1,800
Adjustment to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Decrease in receivable from clearing broker	51,533
(Increase) in prepaid expense	(1,138)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>18,670</u>
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	<u>144,975</u>
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	-
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	
Shareholder's distributions, net	<u>(87,006)</u>
Net Cash (Used) by Financing Activities	(87,006)
Net Increase In Cash	57,969
Cash at beginning of the year	<u>76,553</u>
Cash at end of the year	<u><u>\$ 134,522</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NEWCOURT SECURITIES, LTD
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total Stockholder's Equity</u>
Balance, January 1, 2013	\$ 1,000	\$ 209,068	\$ 5,644	\$ 215,712
Net income	-	-	74,110	74,110
Shareholder's distributions, net	<u>-</u>	<u>(7,252)</u>	<u>(79,754)</u>	<u>(87,006)</u>
Balance, December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	<u>\$ 201,816</u>	<u>\$ (0)</u>	<u>\$ 202,816</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NEWCOURT SECURITIES, LTD
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Newcourt Securities, Ltd (Company) was formed November 24, 1999 in the State of New York as a broker-dealer in securities transactions under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company has adopted December 31 as its year end.

The Company clears all of its transactions through security clearing brokers. The Company acts as a broker-dealer and is exempt from Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 under paragraph k(2)(ii) since it uses other security firms for clearing.

Pursuant to agreements between the Company and First Southwest Company (FSC), all securities transactions of the Company are cleared and its customers are introduced and cleared on a fully disclosed basis. The Company is exempt from provisions of Rule 15c3-3 and is not responsible for compliance with Section 4(c) of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, as all customers' accounts, as defined by such rules, are carried by FSC.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Financial Statement Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP may require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenues

The Company's financial statements are prepared using the accrual method of accounting. The transactions are recorded on a trade date basis, which is not materially different than recording transactions on a settlement date basis

NEWCOURT SECURITIES, LTD
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2013

Payable to Clearing Broker

Payable to clearing broker consists of money due to the Company's clearing firm, First Southwest Company. The balance is \$8,641 at December 31, 2013

Clearing Deposit

The Company is required and maintains a separate clearing deposit account at FSC with a cash balance of \$100,000

3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is a member of the FINRA and subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$5,000 and requires the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2013 the Company had net capital of \$193,283, which was \$188,283 in excess of the FINRA minimum capital requirement.

4. INCOME TAXES

The Company has elected to be taxed under the provisions of Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Under those provisions, the Company does not pay federal income taxes on its corporate income. Instead, the stockholder is liable for individual federal income taxes on his share of the Company's income, deductions, losses and credits.

Pursuant to accounting guidance concerning provision for uncertain income tax provisions contained in Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740-10, there are no uncertain income tax provisions.

5. CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities on a principal and agency basis through a clearing broker.

In connection with these activities, a customer's unsettled transactions may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contractual obligations.

Significant credit exposure may result in the event that the Company's clearing broker is unable to fulfill their contractual obligation.

NEWCOURT SECURITIES, LTD
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2013

6. SIPC RECONCILIATION REQUIREMENTS

SEA Rule 17a-5(e)(4) requires a registered broker-dealer to file a supplemental report which includes procedures related to broker-dealers SIPC annual general assessment reconciliation or exclusion from membership forms. In circumstances where the broker-dealer reports \$500,000 or less in gross revenue they are not required to file supplemental SIPC report. The Company is exempt from filing the supplemental report under SEA Rule 17a-5(e)(4) because it is reporting less than \$500,000 in gross revenue.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through February 15, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NEWCOURT SECURITIES, LTD
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2013

NET CAPITAL:	
Total stockholder's equity	\$ 202,816
Deductions and/or charges:	
Non-allowable assets:	
Prepaid expense	(7,652)
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,881)</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	<u>193,283</u>
Haircuts on securities positions	<u>-</u>
Undue concentration	<u>-</u>
Net Capital	<u><u>193,283</u></u>

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS:

Items included in the statement of financial condition:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u><u>\$ 41,239</u></u>

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT:

Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$ 2,749</u>
Minimum net capital required	<u><u>\$ 5,000</u></u>
Excess net capital	<u><u>\$ 188,283</u></u>
Net capital less greater of 10% of total AI or 120% of min. net capital	<u><u>\$ 187,283</u></u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital is	<u>21%</u>

Reconciliation of net capital as originally reported to the above computation

Net Capital as reported on FOCUS Form X-17A-5 Part IIA (unaudited)	\$ 193,650
Audit adjustments	(367)
Net capital as reported above	<u><u>\$ 193,283</u></u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 (g) (1)

To the Board of Directors of
Newcourt Securities, Ltd

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Newcourt Securities, Ltd (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute

assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

VB&T CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLC

New York, NY
February 15, 2014