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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

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Section

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2007 ENDING December 31, 2007

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
Trident Partners, Ltd

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

500 North Broadway

(No. and Street)

Jericho

NY

11753

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Brian Schantz

516-681-9100

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Lilling & Company LLP

(Name - If Individual, State Last, First, Middle Name)

10 Cutter Mill Road

Great Neck

NY

11021

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE

☒ Certified Public Accountant☐ Public Accountant☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Sec 1410 (6-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information
contained in this form are not required to respond unless the
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108-8-21

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Brian Schantz swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of

Trident Partners, Ltd., as of

December 31, 2007, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Signature
President
Title

Notary Public

This Report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss)
- ☒ (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- ☒ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of Consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- ☒ (o) A report on internal control.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

TRIDENT PARTNERS, LTD.

***REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION***

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

DECEMBER 31, 2007

Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Trident Partners, Ltd.
Jericho, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Trident Partners, Ltd. as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. According, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Trident Partners, Ltd. at December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule 1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Great Neck, New York

February 14, 2008

TRIDENT PARTNERS, LTD.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 87,768
Due from clearing brokers	327,256
Securities owned	3,903
Other assets	<u>102,397</u>
	<u>\$ 521,324</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities

Commissions payable	\$ 82,714
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>248,829</u>
	<u>331,543</u>

Stockholder's equity

Capital stock, no par value; 200 shares authorized; 10 shares issued and outstanding	15,000
Paid-in capital	604,825
Retained earnings (deficit)	<u>(430,044)</u>
	<u>189,781</u>
	<u>\$ 521,324</u>

See notes to financial statements

TRIDENT PARTNERS, LTD.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

REVENUES

Commissions	\$ 3,810,715
Trading and other income	<u>1,299,457</u>
	<u>5,110,172</u>

EXPENSES

Commissions expense	2,505,902
Salaries and payroll related expenses	1,006,687
Occupancy	238,120
Professional fees	88,787
Operating expenses	<u>1,404,823</u>
	<u>5,244,319</u>

<i>NET LOSS</i>	<u><u>\$ (134,147)</u></u>
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See notes to financial statements

TRIDENT PARTNERS, LTD.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities

Net Loss	<u>\$ (134,147)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
(Increase) decrease in assets:	
Due from clearing brokers	88,753
Securities owned	2,131
Other assets	(14,611)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	
Commission payable	(53,148)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>113,032</u>
 Total adjustments	<u>136,157</u>

Net cash provided by operating activities 2,010

Cash flows from financing activities

Capital contribution	<u>50,000</u>
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Net cash provided by financing activities 50,000

NET CHANGE IN CASH 52,010

CASH - BEGINNING 35,758

CASH - END \$ 87,768

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest expense	<u>\$ -</u>
Income taxes	<u><u>\$ 3,802</u></u>

See notes to financial statements

TRIDENT PARTNERS, LTD.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	<i>COMMON STOCK</i>	<i>PAID-IN CAPITAL</i>	<i>RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)</i>	<i>TOTAL</i>
<i>Balance - beginning</i>	\$ 15,000	\$ 554,825	\$ (295,897)	\$ 273,928
Capital additions	-	50,000	-	50,000
Net loss	-	-	(134,147)	(134,147)
<i>Balance - end</i>	<u>\$ 15,000</u>	<u>\$ 604,825</u>	<u>\$ (430,044)</u>	<u>\$ 189,781</u>

See notes to financial statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Trident Partners, Ltd. (the "Company") is a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company clears its securities transactions on a fully disclosed basis with another broker-dealer. The Company had no liabilities subordinated to claims of creditors during the year ended December 31, 2007.

Securities Transactions and Commissions

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Commissions and related clearing charges are recorded on a trade date basis as securities transactions occur.

Securities owned are recorded at current market values. Securities not readily marketable are valued at fair market value as determined by management, which approximates estimated realizable value. Securities not readily marketable include investment securities that cannot be offered or sold because of restrictions applicable to the securities or to the Company.

Significant Credit Risk and Estimates

The responsibility for processing customer activity rests with the Company's clearing firm, First Clearing Corp., located in Richmond Virginia. The Company's clearing and execution agreement provides that the clearing firm's credit losses relating to unsecured margin accounts receivable of the Company's customers are charged back to the Company.

In accordance with industry practice, the clearing firm record customer transactions on a settlement date basis, which is generally three business days after the trade date. The clearing firm are therefore exposed to risk of loss on these transactions in the event of the customer's inability to meet the terms of its contracts, in which case the clearing firm may have to purchase or sell the underlying financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to satisfy its customer-related obligations. Any loss incurred by the clearing firm is charged back to the Company.

The Company, in conjunction with the clearing firm, control off-balance-sheet risk by monitoring the market value and marking securities to market on a daily basis and by requiring adjustments of collateral levels. The clearing firm established margin requirements and overall credit limits for such activities and monitors compliance with the applicable limits and industry regulations on a daily basis.

TRIDENT PARTNERS, LTD.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

The Company's main office is located in Jericho, New York with a branch office located in Hauppauge, New York. Its customers are located throughout the United States.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management of the Company to use estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes," which requires the Company to recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities as measured by the current enacted tax rates which will be in effect when these differences reverse. Deferred tax expense is the result of changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

2. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is 100% owned by Meka Associates, LLC (Meka). Meka holds the lease for the office, purchases office equipment and supplies, and pays other operating expenses on behalf of the Company. The Company reimburses Meka on a regular basis. The total operating expenses paid to Meka in 2007 were approximately \$279,000.

3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

In the ordinary course of business the Company is subject to litigation relating to its activities as a broker-dealer including civil actions and arbitration. From time to time, the Company is also involved in proceedings and investigations by self-regulatory organizations. Although the ultimate outcome of potential and current litigation involving the Company cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company's management does not expect such litigation to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2007

4. INCOME TAXES

The Company has net operating losses for tax purposes of approximately \$231,000 that expire by 2016 available to offset future taxable income.

Based on the Company's earnings and the amount of income that could be utilized in carry back years, and the uncertainty of future taxable income, it is not possible to determine whether deferred tax assets arising from these losses will be realized. Accordingly, a 100% valuation allowance has been established to reduce deferred tax assets to zero.

5. 401(k) RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company sponsors a 401(k) retirement plan covering substantially all employees. Eligible participants may make contributions to the plan up to amounts specified in the plan. The Company does not make contributions to the plan.

6. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt for the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pursuant to Paragraph (k)(2)(ii). As an introducing broker, the Company clears customer transactions on a fully disclosed basis with First Clearing Corp. and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to First Clearing Corp. First Clearing Corp. carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records.

7. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c-3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$93,552, which was \$71,450 in excess of its required net capital of \$22,102. The Company had a percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of 354% as of December 31, 2007.

***SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934***

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

**COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c-3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2007**

NET CAPITAL

Stockholders' equity	\$ 189,781
Deductions and/or charges	
Nonallowable assets	<u>96,229</u>
NET CAPITAL	<u><u>\$ 93,552</u></u>

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS\$ 331,543**MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED (6 2/3% OF
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS)**\$ 22,102**MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED**\$ 5,000**EXCESS OF NET CAPITAL OVER MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS**\$ 71,450**PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS
TO NET CAPITAL**354%**Statement Pursuant to Paragraph (d) (4) of Rule 17a-5**

There were no material differences between the computation of net capital above and the Company's computation included in Part II of Form X-17A-5, as of December 31, 2007.

See independent auditor's report

Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 (g)(1) FOR A BROKER- DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Board of Directors
Trident Partners, Ltd.
Jericho, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Trident Partners, Ltd. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatements of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Great Neck, New York

February 14, 2008

END